TAMMANY TO SEEK WRIT OF PRO-HIBITION OR REPLEVIN

To Get Back Citizen Papers Taken From Owners—Wild Time in Park Row in the Meb of Subprenaed Men-Sam Koenig Exalted-Sam Prince Abased.

There was a wild time yesterday in the "naturalization bureau" of Supt. Morgan's office at 11 Park row, and as a result of the compulsion under which several hundred men registered as voters gave up their naturalization papers without a guarantee that they would get them back before election day Tammany lawyers will apply to-day in the Supreme Court for either a writ of prohibition or a writ of replevin, or both. The writ of prohibition, if issued, would prohibit Supt. Morgan or his men from taking citizenship papers from the men called to his office by his subpoenas duces tecum, which in the last few days have been served by the wholesale on registered voters. The writ of re-plevin would be directed against Mr. Morgan calling upon him to return the papers he has already taken.

About 300 persons in all, whose names had been taken from the registration lists, were called yesterday to the naturalization bureau and to Mr. Morgan's own office at 27 William street, and the papers were taken from all but a few of them. Those who refused to give up their papers were advised to refuse by Assemblyman Prince, candidate for Assembly in the Sixteenth district, and by Samuel Hoffman, a brother of Justice Benjamin Hoffman. As a result of what was called the "unlawful interference" of Mr. Prince and Mr. Hoffman in the work of the bureau, Mr. Prince and Mr. Hoffman were ejected from the place at 11 Park row. Mr. Prince declares he was roughly handled by some of Morgan's men. He called upon the police present to arrest one of the deputies who he says struck him, but the policeman refused. Afterward Mr. Prince laid his case before the law committee of Tammany Hall. The committee directed Charles L. Hoffman to begin legal proceedings to-day. Mr. Hoffman said:

We shall apply for either a writ of prohibition, or a writ of replevin, or both, to-morrow morning, as we intend to stop this thing if we can. The Election law does not give Morgan any right to take the papers away from people. It is absolutely uncalled for and unjustified. The result is that a man leaves Morgan's place with the impression that he has no right to vote, that he is being investigated and that investigation means accusation. If it appears that these papers were obtained by a trick or device, Mr. Morgan and his men will be answerable both criminally and civilly. They are using their official position to intimidate people from voting, at the direction of the Republican machine. It is nothing short of oppression. This morning Mr. Koenig, the Republican leader, sat at the right hand of one of the deputies who was receiving the persons subpænaed. We have already plenty of corroboration of the sworn statement of Abraham Gottes man that on Tuesday night Koenig's brother in-law promised that his case would be 'fixed' all right if he would vote the straight Republican ticket. That evidence we shall take into court."

Charles F. Murphy said: "The whole question of intimidation as presented by the outrageous operations at Superintendent Morgan's bureau and Mr. Odell's desperation is now being carefully considered by the law committee of this organization and the legal voters of the city can against this new development of the methods of the Republican political sandbaggers. Every citizen who has the legal right to vote can rest content that this organization will go to the limit of its strength and that through the same committee every protection will be afforded any voter whose rights are assailed. To-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock the law committee will meet with the executive committee and take every precaution to offset this Republican policy of intimidation and blackguard-

A call has been sent out for a joint meeting of the Tammany executive committee and the law committee for this morning to consider what further steps should be taken in the matter.

By ten o'clock yesterday morning there was a crowd of suprended men outside 11 Park row. In the crowd were naturalized Irishmen, Germans, Russians and Italians, one fireman and three policemen. Prince and Lawyer Hoffman were there and told every man who showed up from the Sixteenth district not to give up his papers. According to their story, they tried to go upstairs with some of the men and deputies barred their entrance.

"You haven't any business in here, get out," said Deputy 147, according to Prince.
"I am going to look after the interests of these people," Prince replied, and at that, according to Prince and Hoffman, the deputy struck him and pushed him out of the doorway.

"I called upon a policeman to arrest him," said Prince afterward, "and the policeman refused. When I insisted I was taken upstairs and informed by the official in charge that I was the man who should be arrested. While this colloquy was in progress the man who struck me was spirited downstairs. Afterward I was told to get out, and was pushed down stairs. Charles Hoffman and William Friend got the same treatment when they protested. All this time Sam Koenig, Republican leader of the Sixteenth district, sat in the room with two lawyers to look after the interests of his constituents. A lot of our men had their papers taken away from them, but my protests were unheeded."

Chief Deputy L. M. Swazey was in charge of the bureau where this was happening. He is the deputy Republican leader of the eventeenth Assembly district in Brooklyn and a member of the Republican State committee. Mr. Swazey saw the mob outside and sent a hurry call to the Oak street station for police, and a roundsman and four men were sent over. The crowd blocked the trolley cars and were hurling all sorts of epithets at the deputies who stood guard at the stairs leading up to the office. The deputies had instructions not to let any one get up who didn't have a

subpœna. When Prince came downstairs as ar assisted emigrant he got his men around him and told them not to give up their papers. A lot followed him up to Tamnany Hall, where they made a protest. Mr. Swazey's version was that Prince

was to blame for the whole business. Prince came down here this morning, said one of the deputies working under Swazey, "and began to take away from these men their papers. He wanted to get in and he was kept out. Then he asked for an interview with Mr. Swazey and was allowed upstairs and became abusive and said that we had no right to do this thing. Mr. Swazey asked him if he had a subpoena. He said he hadn't, and he was then told he had no business there. When he reufsed to go out we had to urge him down the stairs. The

APPEAL AGAINST MORGAN.; law says that any person who interferes with men of this office in the performance of men of this office in the performance of their duty is guilty of a misdemeanor, and Mr. Prince came dangerously near coming

under that section." Mr. Swazey said later that it was not true, as charged, that Koenig had represented his constituents.

"Mr. Koenig came here for what purpose I don't know," he said. "He had no busi-ness here, any more than Prince had, and I requested him to get out, which he did." It was said that Koenig had written a excused from appearing until to-day and that his request was granted.

The business of examining the papers went on merrily all day. As soon as man was hustled up-stairs he was sworn by Swazey. Ten he was taken into one of the many little "sweat" boxes which have been built in the place. In each one of these was a lawyer. One of the lawyers came from' White Plains. All are Republicans, according to the Tammany men. The lawyer took the papers from each person sent in to him and then made the man answer a lot of questions on a printed blank. One of these was, "When did you land in this country, and on what ship?" Another question was how long the naturalized persons had known the witness who vouched for him. It was admitted by Mr. Swazey's men that few of the men had asked for receipts for their papers. No receipts were

given unless asked for. Head Deputy Stowell said that the papers would all eventually be compared with the court records and then returned to the

"Of those we took to-day," he said, "we have had time to compare only thirty-seven. Two of these were found to be absolute forgeries and the owners will be arrested to-night. We have 800 more subpœnas ready to serve, but we have decided not to go on with this until after the next registration days, as it might be said that we had kept persons from registering. After that we intend to examine several thou sand persons a week up to election, and find if their papers are all right. If they are they have nothing to fear. All of the papers we will return, probably before

About forty of the men subpænaed on Tuesday night were examined by Supt. Morgan himself yesterday at 37 William street. Of this number four were arrested, charged with not having been in the county

four months. Among the arrests made yesterday by Morgan's men was that of John Bowman, a saloonkeeper of 242 East Third street He was charged with having sold a naturalization paper from which the name had been erased to Joseph Bassanji of 207 East Third street. He was held in \$1,000 bail by Magistrate Moss in Essex Market court. Late yesterday afternoon a bunch of deputies, with several of Capt. Flood's detectives, raided a house at 25 Stanton street and arrested the proprietor, Max Wolf. They found several women in the place, but no men. According to the information given out at Mr. Morgan's office, eighteen men are registered from the place which is in the Eleventh district of the

Eighth Assembly district.
Wolf was examined about a list of sixteen names of men alleged by him to be residents of his hotel. On his answers he was held on a charge of perjury, it being alleged that he gave detailed descriptions of men whose names were read to him, including some which were not on the list at all.

# Carries Off Much Wine.

After a forced march of two miles (dry neasure), the Old Guard, under command of Major S. Ellis Briggs, feasted all last evening at the Hotel Astor, in celebration of the surrender of Cornwallis in 1781. Far

furnished the music, and the ancient campaigners were new uniforms. The line of march led to the Worth monument and then up Broadway to the Hotel Astor at Forty-fifth street. The hotel capitulated at 6:03 P. M. and served its conquerors with the most famous victory they have ever absorbed.

The Old Guard christened the small ball room, which had never been the scene of a banquet before. The dinner was in nine

a banquet before. The dinner was in nine courses. Ice cream was served in cups of real ice.

"We can't lug off these things for souvenirs, that's one sure thing," said a Guardsman sadly; but nobody minded much. Gen. Barnes, formerly Colonel of the Twenty-third, Brooklyn, Col. Morris of the Ninth, New York and Col. Adams of the Old Guard responded to toasts. Col. Asa Bird Gardiner gave a few reminiscences of the Revolutionary War. The waiters did the rest.

Dinner to James Bryce. The Rt. Hon. James Bryce, M. P., was the guest of honor at a dinner given by President guest of honor at a dinner given by President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University at the Metropolitan Club last night. After the dinner there was some informal speech making. Among the forty guests at the table were: Mayor McClellan, Sir Percy Sanderson, President Finley of the College of the City of New York, Levi P. Morton, Whitelaw Reid, Seth Low, John D. Rockefeller, Jr.. Cornelius N. Bliss, Rev. Dr. Thomas P. Slicer, Dr. Albert Shaw, Jacob H. Schiff and James Speyer. Elihu Root came after the meeting at Madison Square Garden. quare Garden.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Oct. 19 .- Davis Richardson, president of the Bufa Mining ardson, president of the Bufa Mining and Milling Company of La Bufa, Mexico, has arrived here and reports that the marasding bands of Yaqui Indians have killed five Americans near La Bufa within the last three weeks. One of the men killed by them was J. R. Martin, Superintendent of the Barranca Coal Company. Mr. Richardson says the hostile Indians have the people of that section terrorized.

Died After Several Days of Hiccoughing. GREENWICH, Conn., Oct. 19.-The Rev. Galen C. Spencer, a retired minister of th Methodist Episcopal Church, died here to-day of strangulated hernia, which caused hiccoughing, lasting from last Thursday, and for which he was operated upon Sun-day. He was born in New York city in 1840 and graduated in 1862 at the College of the City of New York. In 1901 he retired from the ministry and settled at Green-wich, since when he has lectured upon his trip to the Holy Land. Galen C. Spencer, a retired minister of

Prize for the French Alliances Here. The Federation of French Alliances in the United States has received a grand prize at the St. Louis world's fair for its educational work in this country. The federation is now arranging lecture tours for M. Réné Millet, Ambassador at Tunis, and M. Funck Brentano, librarian at the Areanal, who will lecture under the auspices of the Cercle Français de l'Université Harvard.

Yale Has 2,995 Students. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 19 .- Preliminary figures of the registration of students in the various departments of Yale University were given out from the secretary's office to-day. The total number of students is 2,995, this being the largest number in the history of the university. The department which shows the largest increase is the Sheffield Scientific School, which has about fifty more students tha

MARY ROE MADE FUR FLY. Hecht's "Figger" More Fit for the Corone

Than the Bureau of Encumbrances. A young woman of vigorous personality, with the colorless title of Mary Roe, was summoned to Jefferson Market police coursesterday by Henry Hecht, manager of a fur shop at 12 East Fourteenth street. The woman represented an establishment next door called The Esquimaux.

Hecht, as manager of J. S. Keliski's shop, has been in the habit of putting signs letter asking that two men in his district be and wax models in front of the store windows. So close are the doors of 10 and 12 however, that the question arises from time to time to whose shop the display belongs.

"She smashed my figger," accused Hecht, when the case came before Magistrate Mayo. "She tossed it right out in the street." "They put their signs and their figgers "They put their signs and their figgers in front of our place," accused Miss Roe, "and 'way out on the sidewalk. I only says, 'See here, young man, take that figger away.' When I told him that he called me very abusive language."

The young woman hesitated and said that she could not pollute her lips with the language, but in the interest of law and order she would write it down.

"The tears came to my eves when he

"The tears came to my eyes when he spoke," she went on. "I've had their signs taken away three times, and the last time I went to the Commissioner he says to me. 'I can't keep a man there all day.' So I have to watch 'em myself."

The man from the bureau of encumbrances and the policeman on post refused in turn to run the risk of contradicting Miss Roe. When Hecht finally got an opportunity to ask the defendant if she did not push the wax model over, she admitted push the wax model over, she admitted that detail. But she began immediately to explain how it was really the bureau of encumbrances that had something or other

encumbrances that had something or other to do with the affair.

Magistrate Mayo directed both parties to bring witnesses next Wednesday. Mean-while the Coroner, or almost anybody else, is at liberty to sit on the waxen corpse, so far as Miss Roe is concerned.

### LUNATIC RAN WILD WITH RAZOR Tried to Kill Others in Factory; Then Cut

His Own Throat. Patrick Horrigan, 60 years old, a brass burg, became suddenly insane yesterday in the brass finishing works of Staats & Dillmeier, at 36-40 South First street, and, after unsuccessful attempts to kill a number of others in the building, cut his throat with a razor.

Horrigan's wife died a year ago, leaving him with a son, who is now 16 years old The man brooded over the death of his wife. He recently lost a job through a strike, and William Dillmeier, on Tuesday

gave him employment.

Horrigan acted strangely when he reported yesterday morning. At 10 o'clock he suddenly drew a razor and rushed among the shop employees, yelling he would kill them. All fied from the building. them. All fled from the building.

Then Horrigan ran up the stairs to a shoe factory where forty women were working. After rushing among them and making lunge after lunge at the women as they ran past him screaming, he drew the blade across his throat. Although shockingly injured, he followed the paniestricken shoe factory employees down to the street, but quickly retraced his steps.

Horrigan was in complete possession

Horrigan was in complete possession of the big factory building when Policeman Fallon of the Bedford avenue station appeared. As he entered the building names of men alleged by him to be residents of his hotel. On his answers he was held on a charge of perjury, it being alleged that he gave detailed descriptions of men whose names were read to him, including some which were not on the list at all.

GREAT FORAGING EXPEDITION.

Old Guard Storms the Hotel Aster and Carries Off Musch Wing.

#### QUEER "BLACK HAND" LETTER. Sleuth Thinks It's a Joke: Captain Says He Never Got It.

Francis Upton, a plain clothes man in into the morning the Old Guard and their guests were still saying witty things about the character of the British Army.

The parade started at 4:45 yesterday afternoon at the armory at Forty-ninth atreet and Broadway. A band of 100 pieces furnished the music, and the ancient cam-One of the men was held for trial. The letter is written in a bad mixture of Italian and English and when translated.

Captain, Macdougal Street, N. Y.;

If you do not want the Irish cop who speaks
Italian to be killed send him away. If you love him send him away. This is sufficient.

Black Hand
Confidence Dan. and English and when translated reads:

Upton speaks Italian. He regards the letter as a joke. Capt. Brennan said last night that he hadn't received any such

#### YOUNG GIRL'S DESPOND. Stenographer Without Steady Work Takes

Carbelle Acid. Lillian Watkins, a stenographer, committed suicide early yesterday morning by drinking carbolic acid in her room at 360 West Eighteenth street. She was 20

years old and pretty, and came here a few months ago from Barbados. Recently she had grown despondent at her inability to secure steady employ-ment, and this, her brother told the police, was undoubtedly the cause of her taking

### Nebraska's First Snewstorm. ALLIANCE, Neb., Oct. 19 .- The first snow-

torm of the season is raging over western Nebraska this morning. Railroad and telegraphic communication is seriously in-terfered with, but there is no suffering among the cattle, which are in first class condition for the winter.

Court Calendars This Day.

Court Calendars This Day.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Nos. 1, 78, 5, 76, 90, 82, 26, 94, 96, 97, 100, 101, 103, 105, 106. Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I. Motion calendar called at 19:30 A. M. Part II.—Ex parter matters Part III.—Clear. Motions. Demurrers Part III.—Clear. Motions. Demurrers Part III.—Clear. Motions. Demurrers Court—Nos. 552, 579. Preferred cause—No 572. General calendar—Nos. 840, 1045, 668, 849, 472, 826, 787, 780, 904, 894, 904, 904, 904, 904, 904, 906, 506, 849, 971, 1006, 1010, 1014, 1019, 1057, 682, 1571, 708, 1572, 571, 915, 845, 800, 767, 987, 370, 904, 884, 904, 905, 506, 536, 547, 1046, 975, 917, 246, 579. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part III. Part V.—Adjourned until Monday, Oct. 24, 1904. Trial Term—Part II.—Clear. Short causes—Nos. 2699, 2919, 3112, 3019, 3268, 2315, 2820, 2005, 2920. Part III.—Case unfinished. Nos. 319, 165, 335, 1708, 249, 201, 2312, 363, 363, 383, 399, 450, 455, 467, 489, 294, 353, 285, 286, 238, 241, 248, 244, 246, 248, 280, 285, 286, 289, 280, 281, 285, 241, 248, 244, 246, 248, 280, 285, 286, 284, 284, 247, 246, 248, 280, 285, 286, 284, 284, 247, 246, 248, 280, 285, 284, 284, 247, 2415, 288, 289, 289, 280, 281, 283, 284, 284, 244, 246, 248, 280, 284, 284, 244, 246, 248, 286, 284, 2

M. Trial Term—No. 2033, will of Junn B. Radley, at 10:30 A. M.

City Court—Special Term—Court opens at 10 A. M. Motlons. Trial Term—Part I.—Clear. Nos. 30:85, 2740, 1911, 2827, 3227, 2880, 3278, 2815, 30:66, 2077, 3078, 3060, 3073, 3204, 8220, 8203, 8208, 8223, 8218, 8210, 3948, 9010. Part II.—Case unfinished. Nos. 2095, 1100, 3129, 3132, 3134, 8140, 3141, 3148, 3151, 3156, 3159, 3313, 3142, 3157, 194, 3150, 3158, 3160, 3161, 3162, 3163, Part III.—Clear. Nos. 65214, 1200, 5960, 3690, 2562, 3468, 2963, 2317, 2139, 1135, 60684, 3166, 1875, 3197, 34194, 5385, 3395, 1985, Part IV.—Clear. Short causes—Nos. 8855, 935, 8100, 2116, 9168, 8338, 9498, 8998, 8500, 8501, 8407, 8468, 8499, 5276, 5277, 5278, 5279, 5280, 5281, 9585, 8857, 8588, 8852, 8850, 7710, Part V.—Clear. Nos. 2568, 3164, 3188, 3189, 3191, 5271, 3772, 3273, 3274, 3174, 3177, 3281, 3256, 3256, 32694, 3266, 2924, 3178, 3194, 3327, 1581, 3049.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

## WHO STUFFED BALLOT BOXES?

WAUHOPE LYNN SAYS ODELL DID. AND HIS AUDIENCE AGREES.

Odellism Denounced Amid Cheers as a Stench in the Nostrils of Every Honest Citizen-Even the Bench Not Safe From Its Corrupting Influence.

Wauhope Lynn was the chief speaker esterday at the noonday meeting of the Commercial Travellers' League, and his theme was Odellism. He handled the Governor-Chairman without gloves and the great audience cheered every point he scored against the Grocery ticket. When he said that Odellism was "a stench in the nostrils of every honest citizen," and that it was "the sum and substance of comnercialism in politics," the crowd stood up and reared its appreciation.

"There is literally no end to the Gover-nor's avarice," said Mr. Lynn. "He is now reputed to be worth \$2,000,000, all of which he saved in a few years on an annual salary of \$10,000.

"And this," continued the speaker, rolling

his eyes upward, "this is the man who is now regulating the affairs of the party of Lincoln in the great State of New York. Is there a Republican within the sound of my voice who does not blush in shame for the Governor-Chairman? He is the same Ben Odell who a few years ago stuffed the ballot boxes in Newburgh,"
"He is! He is!" came from all parts of

"He is! He is!" came from an parts of the hall.

"Yes," said Mr. Lynn, "he is. What is more, he is the real candidate for Governor on the Republican ticket. The man who is running is but a clerk in his employ, an instrument in his hands. Odell is Higgins and Higgins is Odell."

Here are some of the other remarks that

Here are some of the other remarks that Mr. Lynn made about Odellism:

For the first time in the history of the State we have a Governor who has deserted the Capitol at Albany for the purpose of performing purely partisan functions. We are told that since the middle of June he has not been in attendance at the Capitol more than six days. A short time ago he heard an application for the extradition of an alleged fugitive from justice at the Republican Club in this city, because his political engagements would not permit him to be present in Albany. To-day his entire time and all his energies are enlisted in performing the duties of the chairman of the Republican State committee, and he makes no apologies for his actions: on the contrary, he attempts to justify them. Some of his personal press organs have gone to the extent of claiming that the Governor-Chairman has a precedent for his course in the public career of the late-Gov. Tilden. This claim, however, is absolutely without foundation. If the Republican papers which make this assertion would take the trouble to examine their own files they would find that the fact is that Samuel J. Tilden, on the very day of his nomination for Governor, retired from the office of chairman of the Democratic State committee in favor of Allen C. Beach. [Cheers.]

Odell is the first Governor in the history of the State who could see no impropriety in accepting the office of chairman of a par-Mr. Lynn made about Odellism:

cratic State committee in favor of Allen C. Beach. [Cheers.]
Odell is the first Governor in the history of the State who could see no impropriety in accepting the office of chairman of a partisan committee during his incumbency and performing all the duties incidental to that office, especially superintending the collection of assessments from State officeholders in violation of law and in defiance of the canons of good taste and decency. He seems to have no political moral sense [cheers]. There is no doubt that he seriously believes that there is no impropriety in his assuming the duties of chairman of a partisan committee while holding the highest and most dignified office in the gift of the people of the State. He does not seem to appreciate that no matter how intense a partisan a citizen may be, as soon as he is elected to the office of Governor he is Governor for all the people of the State [cheers] and not Governor for the purpose of utilizing his power as Governor for his personal aggrandizement. [Cheers.]

No better evidence of this lack of appreciation of the dignity of the office of Governor could be offered than his attempt personal aggrandizement. [Cheers.]

No better evidence of this lack of appreciation of the dignity of the office of Governor could be offered than his attempt personally to control the assignment of Judges to preside over the trial terms of the Supreme Court in the county of New York. When he was told that there was a congestion of the county calendars in New York county, the only phase of the condition that appealed to him to strengthen his political machine and to secure new places for the faithful, and he accordingly first introduced a bill in the Legislature which permitted him personally to designate County Judges of the different counties of the State to act as Supreme Court Judges sitting in said county. This would give him the opportunity of taking some of his confies up the State who are in receipt of annual salaries of \$7,200 as County Judges and presenting them with \$17

Tard at the same compensation paid to Supreme Court Judges sitting in said county. This would give him the opportunity of taking some of his cronies up the State who are in receipt of annual salaries of \$7,200 as County Judges and presenting them with \$17,500 a year for acting as Supreme Court Judges in New York county.

When he was criticised for attempting to make the judiciary a subject of political patronage. Odell failed to realize the real force of the criticism, because he immediately introduced a second bill and, as a matter of fact, passed it and sent it to the Mayor for his approval—a bill which gave him the absolute power to say whether a Supreme Court Judge elected up the State, who presided at a trial in New York county, should receive \$7,200 a year or \$17,500 a year, and he was greatly surprised when this bill was objected to. As we all know, the protest against this iniquitous measure was so great that he was compelled to recall it from the Mayor before the Mayor had an opportunity to veto it. [Cheers.]

But even at the present time he can see no impropriety in making the judiciary of the State the subject of political patronage. On two occasions he has endeavored to pass a bill which would indirectly give him the power to appoint twenty or thirty referees in New York county with judicial powers equal to those of a Supreme Court Judge.

We thought when tov. Odell passed a bill which would indirectly give him the power to subpoens and examine citizens under oath in private, that we had reached the limit of partisan assaults on the right of this city to manage its own local affairs; but these things dwindle into insignificance when compared with the attempt of the Oder of the State at large and his reign of power should end. His continuance in power is a constant menace to the independence of the judiciary of the State at large and his reign of power should end. His continuance in power is a constant menace to the independence of the judiciary of this State and for this reason alone his political C

PROPPED UP IN BED, DEAD. Russian Painter Shot Himself Looking at

Woman's Picture. The janitress of the building at 579 First avenue broke into the room on the top floor occupied by John Liss yesterday afternoon. She saw him sitting propped up on his bed fully clothed with a photograph of a woman in his left hand and a revolver in his right. He was dead with a bullet

hole in his right temple. The last time the janitress, Mrs. Ellen McSherry, had seen Liss was on Sunday night, when on going to his room he remarked that she need not mind about straightening up his room Monday, as he would attend to it himself. Yesterday she became suspicious and investigated. It is not known when Liss killed himself. He had been out of work for some time and was despondent. He left a note that in case anything happened to him his mother, Mrs. Mary Liss, who works in the Gridiron restaurant at 558 Broadway, should be notified. Liss was a Russian

UTICA, Oct. 19.-Cyrus Clark of Malone went into a strip of Adirondack forest near his home yesterday in quest of deer.
As he hunted he wondered whether he As he hunted he wondered whether he could hold a rife with the steady hand and true aim that he had in bygone days. He took aim at a leaf on a distant bush. Just at that moment there was a rustle in the underbrush and a big buck deer sprang into the clearing right in line with the rifle, and with upturned head stood and looked at the hunter. The hammer of the gun was down, but Mr. Clark cautiously raised it, fired and killed the deer.

#### THREAT OF A DRIVERS STRIKE. The Union Says That the Owners Are Break ing a Wage Agreement

A general strike of truck and wagon drivers is threatened in this city by the International Brotherhood of Teamster against the New York Truck Owners Association. The union says that the agreement between the Brotherhood and the employers made after threat of a strike early

in May is being violated. Representatives of the Truck Owners
Association admit that some of their members are violating the agreement, but say that it is for the union to deal with these contractors. If the union allows its men contractors. If the union allowed to accept conditions which are not in the agreement the employers say it shows that the union cannot control its men.

Last May's agreement was made on the "open shop" basis, when a strike for recognition of the union seemed inevitable. It provided a fixed scale of wages, and contained a clause to the effect that there should be no discrimination between union and non-union men, and no Sunday work.

The labor committee which signed the agreement was headed by Edwin Gould, first vice-president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, who has charge of the eastern district. Gould said yesterday that the agreement was being broken right and left.

"Not only are members of the association breaking the agreement," he said, "by making men work on Sundays and paying less than the wages in the agreement, but some of them are trying to get their employees to make individual agreements by which they would renounce the union. I believe the employers want to force a strike. I asked Henry C. Hunter of the Truck Owners' Association for a conference and he teld for that it would be brought. to accept conditions which are not in the

strike. I asked Henry C. Hunter of the Truck Owners' Association for a conference and he told me that it would be brought before the regular meeting of the association on Nov. 14. This, to my mind, is evidence that they want to test us."

Gould said that the truckdrivers were not likely to wait until Nov. 14. If the employers did not show that they wanted to avoid a strike long before that time anything might happen.

avoid a strike long before that time anything might happen.

"I am against a strike," he added, "unless it is forced on us. But it looks to me now as if the employers want to force the strike."

Secretary Hunter of the Truck Owners' Association says that Gould asked for a conference, but did not state any grievances. He was told that the employers would consider the matter on Nov. 14.

Mr. Gould says that there are 60,000 truckdrivers in the New York union, that is a number equal to one in every ten voters in the city. He could not be persuaded that he saw double.

### ISRAEL ZANGWILL'S MISSION. Author Comes With His Bride to Talk U

Jewish Colony in East Africa. Israel Zangwill, with his bride, who was Miss Ayrton, daughter of Prof. Ayrton of London, arrived last evening from Liverpool aboard the White Star liner Teutonic Mr. Zangwill said that the chief object of his visit was to interest representative Jews in America in the possibility of establishing a Jewish colony in East Africa on a tract 400 miles square, at present, unfortunately,

the lair of wild animals only.

"I am not here," Mr. Zangwill said, "to advocate the establishment of the colony, but only to stir up interest in the project. but only to stir up interest in the project.

Some colonization scheme is necessary for
the welfare of the Jews. England has got all
the Jews she wants and America apparently is approaching the same way of thinking. Representative American Jews have
said, 'Don't send any more Jews to America.' It is true that Jews have done well
here. But America has reached the point
of saturation.

here. But America has reached the point of saturation.

"What are we going to do with the thousands who insist on coming? The Jews have lost the art of self-government. They have been 1900 years without government, and they will have to begin all over again. They have no longer any country. Palestine is closed to them. Colonization, therefore, may be necessary. The scheme does not concern the Jews in the United States, but the 6,000,000 Jews in Russia.

point in any country there always develops an anti-Semitic feeling. I want to get the good will of the representative American Jews for a colonization scheme by which the Jews may acquire the art of colonization with the Jews may acquire the art of colonization. self-government."
Mr. Zangwill was greeted at the White
Star pier by Jacob de Haas, secretary of
the Federation of American Zionists. He
will be the guest of Daniel Guggenheim
while in New York.

while in New York.

Hebrews of this city who are interested in the Zionist movement are planning a reception for Israel Zangwill, the author and playwright, who arrived on the Teutonic yesterday. Last night, at 27 West 115th street, the Kadmit branch of the Zionist prescription lightened to a talk from Dr. organization listened to a talk from Dr. Friedlander on the spread of the Zionist movement in Europe. Dr. Friedlander said that the tenets of Dr. Herzl are consaid that the teners of Dr. Hersi are con-stantly finding more favor everywhere in Europe, and he thought that the growth of the movement in this country was en-couraging. Henry Rosenthal, president of the Kadmit branch, presided.

## OBITUARY.

Charles Parsons, a veteran railroad organ-izer and successively president of half a dozen Charles Parsons, a veteran railroad organizer and successively president of half a dozen railroads, died on Tuesday evening at his home, 99 Park avenue. Mr. Parsons was born at Alfred, Me., on Feb. 6, 1829. At 24 he went to New Orleans and engaged in the shipping trade, carrying the business later to Savannah, Ga., where the outbreak of the civil war found him. In 1861 he left Georgia for New York, and entered the produce commission trade. In 1870 he joined the New York Stock Exchange. In 1879, in company with his son, the late Charles Parsons, Jr., he successfully reorganized the old Midland Railway of New Jersey, of which he was afterward president. In 1883 he was elected president of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg, then bankrupt, and brought the property up so that it was leased to the New York Central in 1891 on a 6 per cent. basis. Mr. Parsons served one year as president of the New York and New England, was receiver and then president of the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain, and for five, years was president of the South Carolina and Georgia, He was a trustee of the Continental Company and of the New York Security and Trust Company and a director of the National Bank of the Republic. His wife and six children survive him.

Col. J. C. Fuller, one of the best known of the Pown of the South of the Southry of the Sou

dren survive him.

Col. J. C. Fuller, one of the best known men in Pennsylvania, died at his country home at Pine Grove, Cumberland county, Pa., yesterday, aged 77 years. He was one of the banking firm of Jay Cooke & Co. when it financed the loans for the Government to carry on the War of the Rebellion. He was president of the South Mountain Mining and Iron Company, president of the Hunters Run and State Belt Railroad Company and was interested in other industries. His remains will be interred in Philadelphia.

Isaac Theodore Mungar, who was long

will be interred in Philadelphia.

Isaac Theodore Mungar, who was long the superintendent of the firm of Secor Bros. the shipbuilding firm which built the famous Monitor in the civil war, died on Tuesday at his home, 502 clinton street, Brooklyn. He was a member of the Volunteer Firemen's Association of New York. His wife, son and daughter survive him.

O. H. P. Archer, whose father of the same name was the well known Erie Railroad man, died yesterday of consumption at 127 East 119th street. He was in his fifty-seventh year. He leaves three married children. One of his brothers is Dr. H. M. Archer of this city, and another is Judge George Archer of Green wich, Conn.

## St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 19 .- The seventh round

ST. Louis, Mo., Oct. 19.—The seventh round of the seventh American Chess Congress tournament blasted any hopes Max Judd had for first place. Marshall's queen's gambit was too much for him, and he resigned after seventeen moves. It is arranged for Judd and Marshall to play a match of five up for a side bet, Marshall agreeing not to play pawn to queen's fourth for the first move in any game. Uedeman beat Miot-kowsky, Ruy Lopez, twenty-four moves; Kemeny won from Dr. Shrader, Scotch gambit, eleven moves; Schwietzer and Jaffe drew, queen's pawn opening, forty-eight moves; E. Schrader and Eisenberg drew, Sicilian, after about 120 moves. The score of the leaders:

Marshall won 7, lost 6: Judd won 5, lost 2:

leaders:

Marshall won 7, lost 9: Judd won 5, lost 2;
E. Schrader won 4, lost 1, and two draws, Uedeman won 4, lost 2, and no draw; Kemeny won 4, lost 2, and two draws.

The two adjourned games from the sixth round resulted as follows: Judd beat Schwietzer after seventy-nine moves and Dr. Schrader lost to Marshall after forty-eight moves,

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## SALE OF LACE CURTAINS.

B. Altman & Cn. will continue to offer TO-DAY (THURSDAY), LACET ARABE LACE CURTAINS, IN GRAY AND CHAMPAGNE COLOR, THE REGULAR PRICES OF WHICH WERE \$25.00 TO \$32.50 PER PAIR, AT \$16.00 AND 19.00

(THIRD FLOOR.)

Musterath Street and Sinth Anenne, New York.

FAST DRIVING BY AMATEURS. Milings Sends Angus Pointer a Mile in

2:041/--Racing at Memphis. MEMPRIS, Tenn., Oct. 19.—The racing at the Driving Park to-day continued as good as yesterday's, although the records did not receive their expected shaking up. The most remarkable time of the day was made in the 2:05 class pace to wagon for amateurs, in which F. G. Jones drove Angus Pointer to victory in the first heat, covering the mile in 2:06%, and C. K. G. Billings won the second heat in the remarkable time of 2:041/4. The deciding heat of this race, as well as the final heat in the 2:07 pace, was postponed until

split about even. John Caldwell, who sold for \$100 against the field at \$30 in the first race, was distanced in the first heat, and the large end of the money went to Bonnie Russell, who was never better than a weak second choice in the betting. But the form players came around all right in the second race, which was won easily by Lisonjero, who sold at \$100 against the field at \$40. Both of these races were won in straight heats and by safe

margins.

The 2:07 page developed into a splendid race. Belle Mc and King Direct, both heavily backed, each won one of the first two heats. But the fast clip and whipping finishes were the pair out, and Sphinx S. had little trouble in capturing the third heat. The wagon race, for amateur drivers, proved also a sensational contest. To the

surprise of race followers, Baron Grattan, driven by Mr. Jones, hung behind Angus Pointer to the stretch in the first heat and Pointer to the stretch in the first heat and then came fast to the wire, winning by half a length. In the second heat Mr. Billings sent along Pointer to the front at the start and kept him there all the way.

Mr. Devereaux, with Morning Star. chalmission early in the season of 1905.

lenged him at the half, and Mr. Jones with Barron Gratten through the stretch, but the Sidney Pointer pacer had plenty of speed and won by half a length in the fast time of 2:04%.

Prince Alert, driven by Jack Curry, made an unsuccessful attempt to beat 1:58%, paced by a runner. He covered the first two quarters in 30 seconds each, and the third in 22% seconds, but slowed down in the last quarter, finishing the mile in 2:01. The summaries:

The Dividend. 2:02 class, trotting: \$2.000 @ in 3: 

The Magnolia, 2:14 class, trotting; purse, \$2,000 Time—2:08½, 2:08½.

2:07 class, pacing; purse \$1,000 (2 in 5) (unfinished):
King Direct, blk. s. (Geers) 2 1
Sphinx S., ch. g. (Spear) 6 2 1
Belle Mc., b. m. (Laird) 1 8
Dry Monopole, br. s. (Curry) 5 4
Don N., ro. g. (Valentine) 5 4
Don N., ro. g. (Valentine) 6 dr
Time—2:04½, 2:05½, 2:07½.

2:05 class, pacing, to wagon, amateur drivers (unfinished):
Baron Gratien, b. g. (Mr. Billings) 7
Angus Pointer b. g. (Mr. Billings) 8
Morning Star, b. g. (Mr. Devereuz) 8
Morning Star, b. g. (Mr. Devereuz) 8

Steel Schooner Yacht for New Yorker. BOSTON, Oct. 19 .- A contract for the construction of a steel schooner yacht for a prominent member of the New York Yacht Club has been signed, the builders being George Lawley & Son of South Boston. The dimensions of the yacht are to be 123 feet

**PUBLICATIONS** 

PUBLICATIONS.



# Why the **Democrats** Should Support Parker and Davis

By William Jennings Bryan Is in this week's number of

# THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

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